

Having proper social infrastructure ensures better impact on learning outcomes for children in country. discuss (200 words).

Fetching better learning outcomes from children is possible only when their basic social needs are satisfied. Hence social infrastructure like healthcare, water supply, sanitation, education are important. They are interdependent on ~~to~~ each other.

The covid scenario brought this into light. Firstly when we take health care most of women are affected by chronic respiratory diseases due to burning of solid fuel. Environmental protection Agency says solid fuel smoke increases covid vulnerability. Then a clean water is important for clean environment and good health. Thus there two factors also affect the child learning outcome when women health is affected.

Secondly when a home uses a solid fuel women involve in collection of fuel woods. same when there is no proper water supply. This makes a added burden apart from household chores. The conditions

are worse when the women is unpaid labour.

The child also involves in income earning process.

Thus the women is not able to supervise her child

on education activities leading to decrease in outcome of
education.

This is exactly opposite where there is a
proper piped water connection and LPG supply. The women
is healthy and able to supervise her child's education
need which results positively.

NSSO Survey

42% of rural

still use fuel wood

} But All India

91% of home have LPG
connection

This shows ~~reduced~~ unsustainability in LPG use.

Though PM Ujjwala Scheme ensures LPG connection

increase price, decrease in subsidy makes people

hesitant. ~~the~~ Jal Jeevan mission is working on

piped connection for all rural household by 2024

Thus these measures could ensure
proper social infrastructure and will in turn reflect
in education outcome.